Winnsboro SC. (may 21 1895

Hope ark Ane how "forwarded" from White Oak In riply I beg to say that I have no sun à l'amplite hoster of l'infeduate Generals, but am of the Munion that purhaps, the most reliable the not the Only authoritative, roster might be obtained from the Office runds of the Was of Rebellion Washington, D. C - Gent Wright was and puhaps, is still in sharp of it J. B. Erwin of this State is employed in That Office - It is possible that they

have such a hoster as you wish The HA Zenter of United Confedurate Gent Gordon is at the head of that it ociation its Ad Dertes New Olleans but I cannot to in thruge There are the only sources the Hoping That this

White Oak. S. May 10 1195.

(port Robert Roster

New York

Dear Sir

Mann Letter received

Months ago, which evented an interest so carnest as to be areifted by me as a complement, discoved a prompt andwer _ Atthough it has bun do long without acknowledgment at do not plead quitty to the charge of Shew neglect - about the time of ats pereption we lottontate were Disperiencing the full extent of the disaster to our business, Cotten production and this with some other business som - plustions rendered my pursonal attention here on my plantation oncepany, and I have been here since I can only Send you such Photographs as I have

I found a somewhat enlarged copy of that of the Tenutenant, and one of the Taken in San Fixancers at the request of freeds there I have one letter from Find K.H. andreson (Fighting Duk) withen during the War, and one from I cal Lece written in pencel on the Battle fuld. They are the only war relies of that Served that I have and in fact, they are not in my propersion now Son holds then Us you sum interested in such mothers I may send you a copy of a report of the part taken by the lith S. C. Regt in The Seven pines Battle, which does not appear in the War besords I coulase the only Photographs that yours truly are on hand. Aw Bratten

Charlista 18 To Gorkville & C, hearled me hu linas not with it the Battle of Chance at Suffolk & quaed

The fate of the timesenty, which was the sound-bloom of our experient, or, to enter the short of the fate that I might have fate over is

return them - I present them to your Seveld remark that the Complese troking old gutteman was in the Educational interests of the State Then the Perstread looking Buff , for about the time of the taking of preture that what was called Speech on the University Bell that miles read " was published in N.Y. C. The copies sent to me were called for for tum after, and I have in warm asked May I teamble you to look through the files of the Paper (N+C) during the deft Tergiolation that paped the blo it (astich headed (by Dawson) Bystine or me System" & with my Dig and should them be an alte enjoy of the it and am, puhaper, more respon ork of his life

form of his character that of fundam from pursual bear and real situal farings to other He grasfied with even appears the full adea of his opponent and head special labor + prains on his effort to gine at fair and full expurpion his draft. was not satisfied until it was Subjected to the test of Criticioni, which he And we went once it here by here I recall we feelings of the highest respect & admiration for from, our burned positions _ Every aparett that could be brought against by to inemied. (that we could concerne) was made but forced him thoroughly purposed at all points and his Embodement of the idea which he had opposed was adopted with dotting on I a chaping a to It went through the begreletin without attend creefet one made by its evering founds, and that at involving it in all the Doletical entanglements of the agri. Bureau

without thought a higaed for our interests - We are now reafing the for Ar for no our Educational System not so much of revolution as of light enolistion from that pitty gum of error of all of our besources for highway on hink ing the State 1/this h and wonted place a wise Educational Lystim is the ch if not our only hope - to mue Educate Institution house Complete or Ufutine its appointment or its work is equal to the tisk - Ito product can new inlightened individuals who might and per would with few vereptions, he as much be a youkus or were change directed Patrioto But panden this truste the more 9 that on the subject the more confirmed my and a see . The article that I want you to find & see at Unitations. I gwould like the it ag

Dear Sahar While in Columbia Triest the Age of the state dent to Washington to look after Alandond Trails and Paidong handed me a Mardon which be had proceed for one as a maribe of the Ponienting - I did not, until Sometime after fait Then my from emissing as to the form and language it when I found it made in the document of Button Gook District, to made out for land the favoring to Tripest and he seems that the frequent of the transfer to the seems of District the seems to the see of Applications on the Special reason being given Ithe Swar a minter of the Convention - I tald him that I like other whose proper had been smithrested. risuld hill this but for the fact that the hippor To be a man with in existing with that saact adding and that Swould be holding another men's paidon - He There asked if you had applied for a partin and Pais male to answer - of the for a fardon and to Stold this antil Pleasant of you had applied you have applied, I have your Procedon and will forward it to you by the first hope apportunity. If you have not applied, it is intended for one and will he for my own burget.

about show lany Columbia his it escaped my menny until I salle the Pardin is by tunk on unperking it at home Their are you thanky Subjugation is Som from me last duming that day enjoying the list p War and toll - Bould only bay to him that war wine be a delightful spiriturely to this sort of light and Sean see no propriet of improved Solds on to sement former that we have reflect harled for each that the first that the former to be a short in a head of the may have also followed as a land to follow the last of the said of the sa - to make the state of the second of the sec ... Kimmelia on to all the fairly -I was shocked and genied to hear of Ruflis Musy juted that we all thould have nothing there who happened to save something from the getackal arich and actual Horn of mar, are hanget diffed away from There on the detting of this anyly elec . tell Kufus, if you see him. that I will answer before long

Cratton and Kearns: Brave and True Men Both.

Only a few of the surviving personal friends of the late Gen. John Bratton I now of a striking episode in his career, unique, perhaps, in the War for Southern Independence and in many respects as remarkable as the celebrated letter of Lord Charles Montagu to Major General Moultrie, another South Carolina rebel, when he was a prisoner of war in the hands of the British.

Reference is made to a letter from Maj. Cen. Philip Kearny, U. S. A., to the then Col. John Bratton, C. S. A., who had been desperately wounded at the battle of Seven Pines, and was a prisoner at Fortresa Munroe.

At the carnest request of a fellow collegian and war comrade of General Bratton, the Rev. Theodore D. (now Birhop) Bratton consented to the publication of General Kearny's letter to his father.

'On May 31, 1862, Colonel Bratton; on foot, led his regiment, the Sixth South Carolina, in the battle of Seven Pines, or "Fair Oaks," as it as called at the North, though afterward the men scattered and each minn fought for himself, as at the battle at El Cuncy in the Spanish-American war.

Colonel Bratton's leadership and gallantry attracted the attention of his own commanders, as shown in the necompanying letter of Gen. R. H. Anderson, and challenged the admiration of his focs, as proved by the magnanimous letter of the gallant Ceneral Kearny.

The Second brigade had four times attacked the Federals and driven them two miles from their first line of battle. In the fourth charge, at about sundown, Colonel Bratton was seriously wounded in the right arm, the ball entering his In company with other bady. wounded men, Colonel Bratton attempted to get back to the Confederate lines, but was captured by men of Col. J. H. Hohart Ward's Thirty-righth New York regiment, a few of the wounded making their escape.

Colonel Bratton's wounds were at first thought to be fatal and he was asked if he had any message to send to his people at home. His reply was: "Tell them the Sixth South Carolina fought as well as any men erer did." But the wounds did not prove so dangerous, and were carefully dressed by Dr. B. Gesner, assistant surgeon of Ward's regiment in whose hands Colonel Bratton put his watch for safe keeping.

The wounded prisoner was carried to Fortress Monroe, and there confired with a number of wounded Confederates in one of its dark and damp lower case, mates.

tieneral kearny's Letter. A few days after his confinement Colonel Bratton received by special fromier Die fall wir g letter from General Krauny:

Dear Sir: The fertunes of this unnatural was The features of the urnatural was have no de you a prisoner, and as it was in the hands of one of my regiments (Fourts Maine, Colonel Walker) that you fell, I take the liberty, in courtesy and good feeling the liberty, a courtesy and good feeling, of putting a yeelf or friends of the

of putting nysulf or friends of the North at your disposal.
I forward by a special messenger your sword, belt and watch, to-gether with a letter from the sur-geon, Doctor Gesner, who attended you, and who is an acquaintance of your family at the South.

your family at the South.

If, sir, you will permit me the favor, I also place at your call a credit with my bankers, Riggs & Co., Washington, of \$200, which may serve you until your own arrangements are made.

ve your nts are made. Very respectfully, Your obedient servant, P. KEARNY, Major General Commanding Third Division, Third Corps. Colonel Bratton, Sixth South Care lina Regiment.

The envelope is addressed:
"To Colonel Brutton, Prisoner of War,
"Sixth South Carolina Regiment. "Sixth South Carolina Regiment."
To the care of and for inspection of General Wadsworth, or Commissary General of Prisoners, Washington."

Surgeon Genner's Letter. The inclosed letter from Poctor Gesner reads as follows:

Camp near Fair Oaks, Va., June 9, : 1862. Colonel Bratton, Sixth South Carolina

Volunteers: Sir: On the evening of May 31 the regiment under your command, being one of those opposed to the brigade under command of Col. J. II. Hob-art Ward, Thirty-eighth New York Volunteers (to whose command I have the honor to belong), you were, un fortunately for you, severely wounded and came under my charge. On that occasion you placed in my charge for safekeeping your watch, and now, being in a place of safety. I have the honor, through Gen. P. Kearny, commanding this division, to return the same. With the hope that your same. With the nope that your wounds, though severe, may not prove fatal, I remain, with sincere symbolic your obepathy, most respectfully your obe-dient servant. G. GESNER. Assistant Surgeon, Thirty-eighth N.

Doctor Gesner in his letter to Colonel Bratton claims that he had been cantured by a New York regi-ment (Ward's) and General Kearny, it will be noted, says that it was the Fourth Maine, but this discrepancy is of little consequence, for General Kearny commanded the division which included both regiments.

This letter from General Kearny, one of the most eminent cavalry leaders of the Federal army, to a Confederate colonel whom he did not know personally, is at once a beautifal tribute to Colonel Bratton's gallantry and an evidence that General Kearny, like Sir Philip Sidney, was "the impersonation of high thought, scated in a heart of courtery,"

But General Kearny's kind offices did rot end with the return of the sword, belt and watch to the nounded Confederate. Colonel Bratton was removed to the upper tier of ensements of Fortress Monroed where he was comfortably lodged and received courteous attentions from the surgeon and other officials, and he learned that the comrender of the prion and received

positing the towers consideration to shown time. When he concelled and was allowed to take a best rud go out fishing, he would frequently be in sight, and sometimes within earshot, of the Confederate pickets, One of General Bratton's plea antest recollections of prison life was that the soldier's wife who had chargo of his mers took the fish that he would bring in and credited him with, their value. When the happy day of his exchange arrived, and he was about to leave the fort, the good woman handed him a sum of money as the surplus of his fish account, and was most urgent that he receive it.

How happy would General Bratton have been had the fortunes of war permitted him to reciprocate the courtesies of his "friend, the enemy"; how earnestly would be have worked for Kearny's exchange or release on parole; how warmly, after the dreadful war was over, would be have welcomed him to hospitable "Farming ton," his country home in Fairfield county!

But such was not to be. General Kenrny, the soldier of France, in Algiers and Italy, a hero of Contreras and Cherulusco, and major general of the United States army in the Confederate war, was to fall three months later, the same year, while reconnoitering ht Ox Hill, near Chantilly, Va.

As a fitting conclusion to this interesting episode in General Bratton's brilliant career, and as evidence that this estimate of his courage and ability is not colored by personal friend ship, the following letter of Major General (afterward Lieutenant Gen-eral) Richard H. Anderson is here presented:

Camp, near Fredericksburg, Va., Jan-uary 24, 1863. General: I beg to recommend Col

John Bratton, commanding the Sixth regiment, South Carolina troops, for promotion to the rank of brigadier general. His superior capacity and constancy in the discharge of his or dinary duties as a colonel would strongly recommend him for advance. ment, but he merits it more partie ularly for his gallant conduct in bat-

tle.
At Seven Pines he was one of the leaders in the intrepid and irresisti-ble charge of the Second division Longstreet's division, which encounlongstree: a division, which elections tered and bent a greatly superior force of the enemy in four successive combats, driving them two miles from their fresh line of battle.

Throughout the whole action he was conspicuous for skill and courage, coolness and good management.
At the close of the fourth and last encounter he received a very severe wound through the arm and shoulder. His conduct excited my admiration, and I am happy to perform this rather tardy act of justice. I am, very respectfully, your most obedient servant.

Major General Provisional Army,

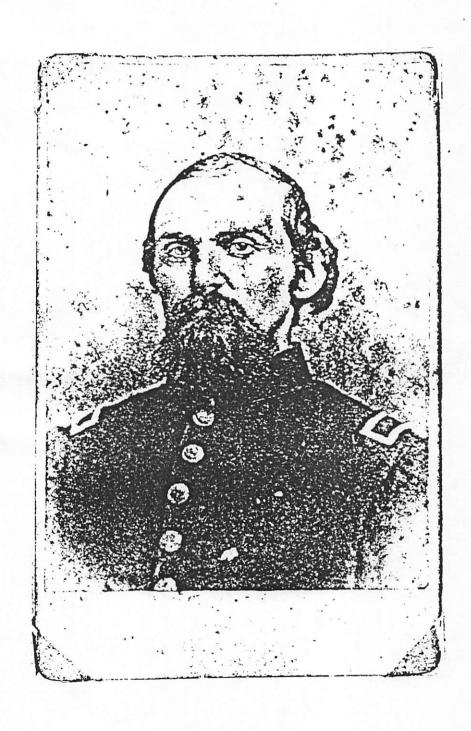
To Gen. S. Cooper, Adjutant and Inspector General, Richmond, Va.

On May 6, 1864, Colonel Bratton was appointed a brigadier general of the Confederate army, and Jung 9 following the appointment was confirmed and he was ordered to report to Gen. R. E. Lee. His brigade was composed of the First regiment, South Carolina Volunteers

General Bratton's Comment.
William Woodward Dixon, in some
Fairfield reminiscencis for The News
and Herald, Winnsbero, says that he
can find no re-ord that Gen. John
Bratton. Confederate States army,
was ever a member of any church.
"I do remember that he was very
much interested in his son's ordination into the ministry. That son is
now bisher of the Mississippi diocesse. Going to hear Theodore preach
for the first time he came out of the
church and remarked at the door to
Col. Henry Gaillard: The damned little rescal did pretty well! Don't you
think so, Henry."

SPACE D. 4, 1935

W. H. Flenniken. Winnsboro, in Newsand Herald, Winnsboro, in South Carolina in the World war was from Fairfield county? He was Randalph Bratton, son of Bishop Bratton, an eminent divine, and a grandson of Gen. John Bratton, a large planter. When men were called to join the Confederate army General Bratton was among the first to enlist as a private in the ranks, with a musket on his shoulder. When the war ended he was a brigadier general, rising to that rank by sheer merit. Randolph Bratton received four citations for bravery in the World war. He never refers to them and they are kept in a vault in the bank, His record is enviable and I fear very few are aware of it. Should we not publish these meritorious deeds lest they may be forgotten?



William R. Shelton, Jr. 1131 Westwood Ave. Columbus, OH 43212